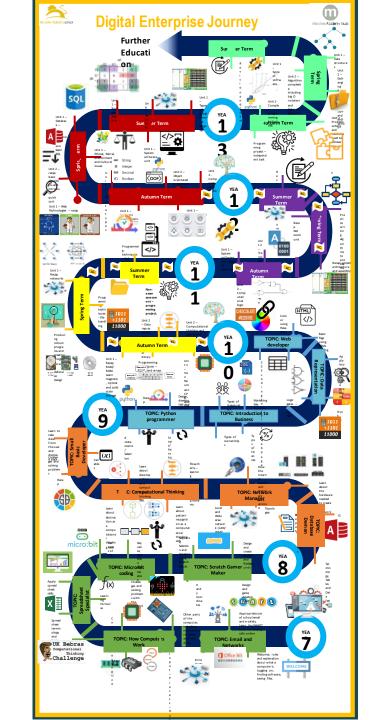
Digital Enterprise

Our vision

The aim for all learners at Sir John Talbot's School is to embrace emerging technology, be able to readily adapt and become digital leaders.

As a faculty we are committed to providing every student with experiences in digital technologies and enterprise that will allow them to develop a set of broad transferable skills which will enable them to participate fully in modern 21st century society.



Digital Enterprise

Year 7



Year 7 Computer Science Year Overview

What is my Learning Journey this year?



Name Min TG

What to expect...

Cyber **Security**

What to expect

issues associated by cyber

Content - A consideration of the

Bigger Picture Focus - Tobe

able to recommend an appropriate

measures to protect against cyber

Content - A look at the architecture of computers. performance, memory and storage.

Bigger Picture Focus - Tobe able to recommend an appropriate computer system for a given cenario.

How

computers

work

Visual programmer

What to expect

Content - Environmental considerations associated with business and IT.

Bigger Picture Focus - To be able to design and pitch an innovative and sustainable product.

What to expect

Content - An introduction into computer programming using visual block based software.

Bigger Picture Focus - Tobe able to build an effective and functioning computer program.

Environmental entrepreneur

Micro bit

Cyber Security

Cultural Connections/ Real World Links

How to choose the most appropriate computer system.

Understanding how to improve and upgrade a computer system.

How spreadsheet software supports data analysis.

How computer programs control things.

Competitions and other links

- UK Bebras
- Khans Code Academy
- Cyber Discovery
- Astro Pi
- Pi Wars

Flipped activities will link to in class learning

Your teacher will also set each Flipped Learning task on Class Charts for your home learning every week

Home
Learning
Up to twice per half term there will
be flipped learning set

Key Skills: System construction

Visual based programming

Interface design Functions and Formulas

Data analysis



		Content Topic/unit name, enquiry question	Disciplinary Knowledge (Skills) Actions taken within a topic to gain substantive knowledge	Substantive Knowledge This is the spedfic, factual content for a topic, which is connected into a careful sequence of learning	Prior Learning (KS2)	Future learning (KS3)
ar 7 Curriculum Overview- Subject	Autumn term	Unit 1 Cyber security	Identify and analyse the impact of cyber security threats. Understand the importance of data protection. Identify and evaluate measures to protect against cyber security threats.	1.1 Malware and threats.1.2 Cyber attacks1.3 System vulnerabilities1.4 Protection measures	In line with learning from key stage 2 curriculum.	Year 8 Network manager exploring network security.
	Spring term	Unit 2 How computers work	Understand basic PC system architecture. Identify and manipulate physical components that make up a PC. Explain the role and key functions of the CPU. Analyse hardware and software computer components. Analyse factors that can affect performance, storage and memory capacity.	2.1 Computer components 2.2 The CPU 2.3 Memory 2.4 Secondary storage	In line with learning from key stage 2 curriculum.	Year 7 Mico:bit exploring similar components. Year 8 Network manager to explore network hardware and the links with devices. Year 9 programming with Python.
	Spring / Summer term	Unit 3 Visual programmer	Understand the purpose, uses, features and functions of visual based computer programming. Identify coding language that makes up the visual cues used in visual based computer programming. Create a computer programme with no, or few, errors. Explain the programme effectively using correct terminology.	1.1 Introduction to code 1.2 Introduction to the Micro:bit 1.3 The Micro:bit interface and components 1.4 Coding the Micro:bit	In line with learning from key stage 2 curriculum.	Year 8 develop text- based programming language skills in Small Basic Year 9 develop text- based programming language in Python
Ye	Summer term	Unit 4 Environmental entrepreneurship	Identify characteristics that make up an entrepreneur. Develop a focussed marketing campaign for a specific purpose. Explain the benefits to a business of being more environmentally friendly and sustainable.	 1.1 Research and analyse existing products. 1.2 Design a business image and brand. 1.3 Produce an effective presentation. 1.4 Present a business idea. 	In line with learning from key stage 2 curriculum.	Year 9 Business Enterprise unit exploring similar concepts and developing greater awareness of the commercial environment.

The Big Picture: Students will be introduced to the basics of Computer Science. They will develop an understanding and knowledge of systems architecture, how databases work and programming skills using visual programming software.

Year Group: 7

Intent

- 1. Cyber Security students will explore the impact of cyber security threats and identify measures to protect against.
- 2. How computers work students will be introduced to the basics of systems architecture. They will develop a knowledge and understanding of how computers work, exploring hardware, software and computer components.
- 3. Visual Programmer—students will develop an understanding of programming using visual based programming software. They will work through a range of activities and develop their own program based on their knowledge and understanding.
- 4. Eco Dragons Den students will explore the benefits of sustainable production. They will then design and pitch an innovative and sustainable product for a given purpose.

Implementation

Students will work through the 4 topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will be graded using 'rubric style assessment grids' that focus students' abilities of each individual skill. Students will be graded BRONZE, SILVER, GOLD or PLATINUM and graded within the given mark boundary.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module, these include group tasks that provide chances for students to interact with other, demonstrate levels of communication and leadership.

Practical work, such as exploring the inside of the computer, programming and searching using SQL will present problem solving skills that students will need to show resilience and initiative.

Home learning – students will be expected to complete 2 independent home learning pieces per topic. This will consolidate learning from the classroom and support preparation for end of unit assessments. A homework booklet will be provided at the start of the year detailing what is expected.

Autumn Term

E-Safety

- Platinum standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Spring Term

How Computers Work

- Platinum standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Summer Term

Visual Programming and Eco Dragons Den

- Platinum standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Impact

Students will have an overall good knowledge and understanding of how computer systems work — this will support them with paper 1 of the GCSE Computer Science course. Students will build up transferable skills through the database unit and will develop a good knowledge and understanding of programmin g skills and terminology in preparation for learning textual based programming in year 8 and 9 and for paper 2 of the Computer Science GCSE.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Year 7 - Cyber Security

Time frame: 10 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 10

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To explore different types of cyber security incidents and threats, consider cyber security risk management measures and the process involved when responding to cyber security incidents.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to identify different types of cyber security threat, explain ways to manage these threats and	Recognition of key terminology.
	identify important criteria that needs to be reported when responding to a cyber security attack.	Sorting criteria appropriately.
Better	Ability to explain the characteristics of a range of different types of cyber security threats, provide	Compare and contrast different possible measures.
	logical measures to protect a business or system from a cyber-attack and explain the logical process	
	when reporting and responding to a cyber-attack.	
Excellent	Explain the purpose of the CIA model in supporting businesses protection against cyber-attacks,	Creation on a cyber incident report.
	analyse the impact of a cyber-attack on stakeholders, recommend effective solutions to protect	Ability to make reasoned recommendations.
	against cyber-attacks and prepare an appropriate report in response to an attack.	

Implementation:

	T	T	T	
What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Consideration of the full impact	1.1 - Malware & Threats	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
of cyber security impact on all	1.2 - Cyber Attacks	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
stakeholders involved.	1.3 – System Vulnerabilities	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
Understanding the importance	1.4 – Protection Measures	 Cyber quiz 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
of data protection – link to NHS		Cyber legislation task	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
incident.			understanding.	

Engagement:

Students will be presented with a range of real-life cyber security incidents that they must evaluate impact and provide solutions and recommendations – this will include incidents such as the recent NHS cyber-attack.

Impact:

Structured and organised response to cyber report, demonstrating an understanding of the type of attack, impact and level of response to incident.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

 ${\it GCSE\ Computer\ Science\ Paper\ 1-System\ security\ and\ software,\ Computer\ science\ legislation.}$

Level 3 Cambridge Technical IT – Paper 3 - Cyber Security.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 7 – How Computers Work	Time frame: 7 hours	Approximate number of Lessons: 7			
What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)					
To understand the functions, features and components that make up a computer system, including the role and purpose of the CPU, different memory types and					
external storage.					
How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?					

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	To identify different components that make up a computer system, explain the role and purpose of the	Manipulate and identify the physical components of
	CPU and be able to describe the characteristics of a range of memory types and storage media.	a computer system.
Better	To explain the key components that make up a computer system, demonstrating an understanding of	Build a physical computer system.
	the key features and functions of the CPU, including how CPU performance and system memory is	Calculate and convert between different units of
	measured.	measurement.
Excellent	To make reasoned recommendations relating to computer systems, taking into consideration	Apply knowledge and understanding to extended
	contributing factors that affect performance, storage and memory capacity.	answer guestions.

Implementation:

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
von Neumann architecture.	1.1 Computer components	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
Multi-core performance.	1.2 CPU	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
System upgrading.	1.3 Memory	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
	1.4 Secondary storage	 Keyword definitions 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
		Component's quiz	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
			understanding.	

Engagement:

Engagement will be measured through ability to answer questions in class, work completed in workbooks and assessments measured against PPG.

Impact:

Students should show a level of understanding of how computers work. It is expected by the end of this unit they would have sufficient knowledge to make recommendations about features and functions to consider when purchasing a new device. Impact will be measured through the 'Gold Standard' assessment grid against the minimum expected target grade.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

Paper 1 - Computer Science GCSE examination.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 7 - Micro bits Time frame: 10 hours Approximate number of Lessons: 10

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To develop a knowledge and understanding of the purpose, uses, features and functions of visual based computer programming. Students will explore language that lies behind computer programs and use this to develop their own piece of computer software.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

Students are taught basic programming skills in year 6. Students should be familiar with the basics of some form of visual based programming language. This unit will extend that knowledge further and apply to a functional microcomputer. This will develop application from Scratch unit.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Able to create/develop a basic computer program using appropriate features and	Ability to use features and functions to create a basic program.
	functions. Able to identify features and functions within a developed program.	
Better	Able to use appropriate features and functions to create an effective computer	Ability to use block building software to create a functional program.
	program that runs with few or no errors. Able to explain the program appropriately	Ability to explain a program using appropriate terminology.
	using correct terminology. Able to identify and correct some errors within a program.	
Excellent	Able to create an effective and fully functional computer program that runs with	Ability to construct an effective program using appropriate features
	minimal or no errors. Able to explain the functionality of the program in a variety of	and functions.
	ways, including through the use of pseudocode. Able to debug a program effectively.	Ability to translate code into pseudocode
		Ability to develop and carry effective testing

Implementation:

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Opportunity to explore	1.1 Introduction to code	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
different approaches to	1.2 Introduction to the Micro:	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
develop a computer program.	bit	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
	1.3 The Micro: nit interface	 Keyword definitions 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
	1.4 Coding	Research literacy task	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
			understanding.	

Engagement:

Students will use the MicroBits to develop a range of different computer programs. This could range from creating an interactive LED badge, making a game e.g. snake/Tetris to creating an output for radio transmission.

Impact:

It is expected that by the end of this unit students will have the ability to develop a program using visual based programming language. Impact will be measured through the 'Gold Standard' assessment grid against the minimum expected target grade.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 7 Green Dragons Den	Time frame: 6 hours	Approximate number of Lessons: 6			
What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit) To explore the characteristics that make an entrepreneur. A specific focus on designing and presenting a					
marketing campaign for a sustainable product.					
		tell e i ie i ie i ie i i ie i i			

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This is new learning. This will build on literacy skills including public speaking and presenting.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	To be able to identify the characteristics of an entrepreneur.	To research and analysing successful sustainable business ventures.
Better	To be able to develop an effective marketing campaign for a specific	To design and develop an effective and professional presentation
	purpose.	
Excellent	To be able to explain the benefits to a business of being more	To use a range of literacy skills effectively, including public speaking and
	environmentally friendly and sustainable.	presenting.

Implementation:

What are the opportunities for "deep-learning"?	Units	What home-learning tasks are planned?	What work will be "deep- marked"?	What tracking data will be recorded?
To explore what it takes to build a successful business venture.	 1.1 Research and analyse existing products. 1.2 Design a business image/brand. 1.3 Produce an effective presentation. 1.4 Present a business idea 	Students will complete 2 independent home learning pieces per unit. 1. Explore what is meant by sustainable production. 2. Research and present the findings of an entrepreneur.	This unit will be marked using the 'Platinum Standard' rubric assessment sheet. Each sub unit will have an assessment task to identify knowledge and understanding.	'Platinum Standard' rubric assessment grids will identify key strengths and areas for development. This will support 1-9 PPG grading.

Engagement:

Students will design and develop a unique sustainable brand and present their ideas through a professional presentation.

Impact:

Students will recognise what it takes to become a successful entrepreneur/business person. They will demonstrate an understanding of the benefits of sustainable production, and present this publicly to an audience.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

Paper 1 and Paper 2 GCSE Business 1-9 (Entrepreneurs, Marketing and Environmental considerations)

Digital Enterprise

Year 8



Year 8 Computer Science Year Overview

What is my Learning Journey this year?



Name Min TG

On to Year 9

What to expect...

Content - A look into the different types of hardware required in a network. The different network types and topologies.

Bigger Picture Focus -

To be able to recommend an efficient network design for a given scenario.

What to expect

Content - An introduction into text based programming understanding the basics of programming and constructs.

Bigger Picture Focus - To be able to develop a program using the language Small Basic for a given purpose and scenario.

What to expect Content - To use spreadsheet software

Spreadsheet

Specialist

store data, support with data analysis and improve efficiency and effectiveness of managing data.

Bigger Picture Focus -

To be able to build an effective working spreadsheet model to for a business,

Network Manager What to expect

Computational

Thinking

Content - An introduction into computational thinking techniques and how to think logically.

Bigger Picture Focus - Tobe able to provide solutions using CT techniques for a range of problems.

Small Basic Developer

Comp Thinking

Key Skills:

Network construction

- Problem solving and logical thinking
- Data analysis
- Text based programming

Cultural Connections/ Real World Links

- How to choose the most appropriate network topology.
- Understanding how to improve and upgrade a network.
- How database software supports data
- Approach problems with computational techniques.

Competitions and other links UK Bebras

- Khans Code Academy
- Cyber Discovery
- Astro Pi
- Pi Wars

Small Basic

Home
Learning
Up to twice Per half term there will
be flipped learning set

Flipped activities will link to in class learning

Your teacher will also set each Flipped Learning task on Class Charts for your home learning every week

		Content Topic/unit name, enquiry question	Disciplinary Knowledge (Skills) Actions taken within a topic to gain substantive knowledge	Substantive Knowledge This is the specific, factual content for a topic, which is connected into a careful sequence of learning	Prior Learning (KS2)	Future learning (KS3)
um Overview- Subject	Autumn term	Unit 1 Spreadsheets	Identify the purpose, uses, features and functions of Spreadsheet software and apply some of this knowledge to a given spreadsheet. To develop a secure spreadsheet model using features and functions appropriately and effectively.	1.1 Formatting1.2 Formulas and functions1.3 Validation and IF statements1.4 Charts and graphs	Building on introduction to Microsoft Office suite during year 7 curriculum. In line with learning from KS2 curriculum. Developing ability in Excel after using data to support recommendations during year 7 curriculum.	Unit 4 (year 8 curriculum) - Programming with Small Basic – IF statements. Year 9 Programming – operators and IF statements.
	Spring term	Unit 2 Network Manager	Identify and explain hardware and software required to support the development of a network. Recommend appropriate hardware and software to support the development of a network. Analyse the features and functions of different network topologies to make informed and suitable recommendations.	1.1 Types of networks1.2 Network topologies1.3 Network protocols1.4 Packet switching	Studying how computers work in year 7 curriculum. Knowledge of cyber security from unit 1 in year 7 curriculum.	Unit 3 (year 8 curriculum) - Computational thinking, building on from topology and data packets.
	Spring / Summer term	Unit 3 Computational Thinking	Understand computational thinking and algorithms and their relationship with computer science. Carry out and explain a range of sorting algorithms. Represent algorithms using flow diagrams. Describe and create simple logic diagrams.	1.1 Computational thinking 1.2 Bubble sorting 1.3 Merge sorting 1.4 Insertion sorting	In line with learning from key stage 2 curriculum. Development from Visual Programming unit in year 7 curriculum.	Unit 4 (year 8 curriculum) — Programming with Small Basic, developing knowledge and understanding on iteration and logic. Year 9 unit 4 — Data representation, developing further knowledge, understanding and ability in binary code.
Year 8 Curriculum	Summer term	Unit 4 Programming with Small Basic	Understand the purpose, uses, features and functions of textual based computer programming. Analyse language that lies behind computer programmes and use this to create their own programme. Create an effective and fully functional computer programme that runs with minimal errors. Debug a programme effectively.	1.1 Outputs, variables and inputs.1.2 Strings and maths1.3 Selection1.4 Iteration	In line with learning from key stage 2 curriculum. Development from Visual Programming unit in year 7 curriculum.	Year 9 Unit 1 – Python programmer.

The Big Picture

Year Group 8

Students will build on knowledge learnt from Year 7. Students will move from how computer systems work independently to how they interact within a network. They will look at how data can be analysed using alternative software packages and will move from visual based programming to textual based programming.

Intent

- 1. Spreadsheet specialist students will work through a skills-based project in which their end goal is to be able to develop a working spreadsheet for a given scenario.
- 2. Networks and Communication students will explore the requirements of developing an effective network, including software, hardware, protocols and security measures.
- 3. Computational Thinking and Problem Solving students will develop knowledge and understanding of the skills involved in solving problems. They will be introduced to methods used to sort data.
- 4. Small Basic students will explore textual based programming and build up skills that can be transferred to more complex software programs, such as Python.

Implementation

Students will work through the 4 topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will be graded using 'rubric style assessment grids' that focus students' abilities of each individual skill. Students will be graded BRONZE, SILVER, GOLD or PLATINUM and graded within the given mark boundary.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module, these include group tasks that provide chances for students to interact with other, demonstrate levels of communication and leadership. Practical work, such as exploring networks, searching and sorting using filters and macros, and understanding syntax will present problem solving skills that students will need to show resilience and initiative.

Home learning – students will be expected to complete 2 independent home learning pieces per topic. This will consolidate learning from the classroom and support preparation for end of unit assessments. A homework booklet will be provided at the start of the year detailing what is expected.

Autumn Term

Spreadsheet specialist

- PLATINUM standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Spring Term

Networks and Communications

- PLATINUM standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Summer Term

Computation Thinking & Small Basic

- PLATINUM standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Impact

Students will develop a good knowledge of the benefits and drawbacks of different types of computer network. They will explore the features and functions involved in developing a network. Students will build a working spreadsheet using advanced tools and features. These skills are transferable to the real world. Knowledge will not only support the CS GCSE, but also the Business GCSE. Small Basic will provide students with scaffolded skills to build up knowledge of textual based programming which will be transferable to year 9 when they study Python.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 8 - Spreadsheets	Time frame: 7 hours	Approximate number of Lessons: 7
What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)		
To understand the purpose, uses, features and functions of spreadsheets and show a level of competency in developing and using spreadsheets.		
How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?		

This builds on year 7 unit of data handling and using databases to store data.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	To identify the purpose, uses, features and functions of spreadsheet	Ability to conduct primary and secondary research effectively.
	software and apply some of this knowledge to a given spreadsheet.	
Better	To develop a secure spreadsheet model using a range of features and	Ability to select and apply a range of appropriate functions and formulas.
	functions appropriately and effectively.	
Excellent	To create an effective functioning spreadsheet model that stores data	Ability to apply validation and protection techniques to improve the security of
	securely and accurately using a wide range of suitable and appropriate	data stored within a spreadsheet model.
	features and functions.	Ability to apply filters to sort and search data effectively.

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Use of validation techniques	1.1 Formatting	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
and tools to ensure data	1.2 Formulas and functions	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
storage is safe and secure.	1.3 Validations and Ifs	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
	1.4 Charts and graphs	 Formatting tools 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
		Spreadsheet's quiz	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
			understanding.	

Engagement:

The project provides a real-life scenario in which students will create a spreadsheet model for to cost and manage the Whitchurch 10K event. Students will take responsibility for sourcing all of their own information and data to support the development of their own personalised model.

Impact:

Evidence will be work completed on weekly skills-based tasks. Students will apply knowledge and understanding to sub unit, bi-weekly skills assessments.

Next steps:

Paper 1 and Paper 2 - Business GCSE paper - role of finance function, handling data, types of research methods.

Paper 1 GCSE Computer Science Paper - recognising and understanding validation and data handling.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 8 – Communication and Networks	Time frame: 7 hours	Approximate number of Lessons: 7
What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)		

To understand the hardware and software required to set up a network. To investigate the benefits and drawbacks of a range of different types of network topology in order to make appropriate and valid recommendations.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This builds on knowledge from year 7 'How Computers Work' topic where students developed a basic knowledge and understanding of the hardware and software that make up a computer system.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Identify hardware and software required to support the development of a	Identify different types of hardware and software provided and demonstrate
	network. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the purpose of	how these would be used within an identified network topology.
	different network topologies.	
Better	Explain the hardware and software required to support the development	Create a range of different topologies using hardware and software provided.
	of a network. Make recommendations relating to the best network	
	approach to use for a specified scenario.	
Excellent	Recommend appropriate hardware and software to support the	Build a virtual network using appropriate hardware and software.
	development of a network. Analyse the features and functions of different	
	network topologies to make informed and suitable recommendations.	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Understanding the protocols	1.1 Types of networks	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
that lie behind a network that	1.2 Network topologies	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
supports its functionality.	1.3 Network protocols	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
	1.4 Packet switching	 Keyword definitions 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
		2. Network's quiz	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
			understanding.	

Engagement:

Students will complete an in-class workbook. At the end of each sub unit students will then apply knowledge to a knowledge assessment task. Questioning will used to support formative assessment.

Impact:

It is expected that by the end of this unit students will be able to make effective recommendations to support with setting up and managing a network. Impact will be measured through the 'Gold Standard' assessment grid against the minimum expected target grade.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 8 – Computational Thinking	Time frame: 7 hours	Approximate number of Lessons: 7
101 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 2 /2 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 - 1 - 1 1 - 1 -		

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To understand what is meant by 'computational thinking' and the term 'algorithm' and its relationship with computer science. To be able to carry out and describe a range of searching and sorting algorithms and represent algorithms using flow diagrams.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This builds on Scratch and Micro bit units studied in year 7. This will enable students to recognise how to translate code into text. This will support future learning when students are required to code using textual based programming language.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Identify and explain key terminology and be able to write simple algorithms for given scenarios.	Application of knowledge to create algorithms using
	Be able to identify different searching and sorting algorithms and demonstrate an ability to	decomposition, abstraction and pattern recognition.
	apply to at least one of these.	Bubble, merge and insertion sort.
Better	Apply knowledge and understanding of key terminology to explain algorithms developed. Show	Binary and linear search.
	confidence of using a range of different searching and sorting algorithms.	Create flow diagrams
Excellent	Ability to analyse a range of searching and sorting algorithms. Able to annotate and explain	Create pseudocode.
	flow of data within a computer program using a range of forms e.g. flow charts, algorithms,	Create logic diagrams.
	pseudocode. Be able to describe and create simple logic diagrams.	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Explore different methods that	1.1 Computation thinking	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
are used by computers to	1.2 Bubble sorting	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
search and sort data and	1.3 Merge sorting	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
information.	1.4 Insertion sorting	1. CT quiz	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
		Comparing sorting	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
		algorithms	understanding.	

Engagement:

Students will be directly involved in formulating their own searching and sorting algorithms through role play. Evidence will be provided in work completed in workbooks, bi-weekly assessments and through responses to questions asked.

Impact:

By the end of this unit, it is expected that students will recognise the four key elements of computational thinking and will be able to apply at least one method of sorting algorithm. Impact will be measured through the 'Gold Standard' assessment grid against the minimum expected target grade.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 8 – Small Basic	Time frame: 7 hours	Approximate number of Lessons: 7

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To develop a knowledge and understanding of the purpose, uses, features and functions of textual based computer programming. Students will explore language that lies behind computer programs and use this to develop their own piece of computer software.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This unit builds on year 7 visual based programming topics (Scratch and MicroBits). This unit introduces textual based programming through a scaffolded approach.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Able to create/develop a basic computer program using appropriate features and	Ability to use features and functions to create a basic program.
	functions. Able to identify features and functions within a developed program.	
Better	Able to use appropriate features and functions to create an effective computer	Ability to use block building software to create a functional program.
	program that runs with few or no errors. Able to explain the program appropriately	Ability to explain a program using appropriate terminology.
	using correct terminology. Able to identify and correct some errors within a program.	
Excellent	Able to create an effective and fully functional computer program that runs with	Ability to construct an effective program using appropriate features
	minimal or no errors. Able to explain the functionality of the program in a variety of	and functions.
	ways, including through the use of pseudocode. Able to debug a program effectively.	Ability to translate code into pseudocode
		Ability to develop and carry effective testing

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Opportunity to explore	1.1 Outputs, variables and	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
different approaches to	inputs	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
develop a computer program.	1.2 Strings and maths	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
	1.3 Selection	 Keyword definitions 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
	1.4 Iteration	Write an algorithm	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
			understanding.	

Engagement:

Students will work through weekly skills tasks. Evidence of progress will be through the programs completed on Small Basic. These will be RAG rated in student booklets. Students will complete end of unit challenges will be assessed using the 'Gold Standard' rubric assessment grid.

Impact:

Assessment of the level of ability to test and implement appropriate changes to a bugged program. Is the student able to plan appropriate testing? Is the student able to identify issues within a bugged program? Is the student able to improve the functionality of a bugged program?

Digital Enterprise

Year 9



Year 9 Computer Science Year Overview

What is my Learning Journey this year?



Name Min TG

What to expect...

Content - An introduction into business marketing with a key focus on branding and advertisement.

Bigger Picture Focus

To be able to develop and present a new business concept..

Web **Developer**

What to expect

Content - An introduction into how data is represented by a computer for images, sounds and text.

Bigger Picture Focus - Tobe able to provide solutions using CT techniques for a range of problems.





Python

What to expect

Python

Programmer

Content - Continue to develop

skills using text based programming language.

Bigger Picture Focus - Tobe able to develop a program using Python for a given purpose and

scenario.

Business Apprentice

What to expect

Content - An introduction int development considering design a functionality tools.

HTML

Bigger Picture Focus - To be able to develop a web app for a given purpose and scenario.

Data Representation

On to Year 10

Web Developer

Key Skills:

Effective business planning

- Problem solving and logical thinking
- Data representation
- Text based programming

Cultural Connections/ Real World Links

- Develop coding skills to develop
- Develop web development skills to create web apps.
- How an effective business plan helps a business succeed.
- Approach problems with computational techniques.

Competitions and other links

- UK Bebras
- Khans Code Academy
- Cyber Discovery
- Astro Pi
- Pi Wars

Home
Learning
Up to twice per half term there will
be flipped learning set

Flipped activities will link to in class learning

Your teacher will also set each Flipped Learning task on Class Charts for your home learning every week

		Content Topic/unit name, enquiry question	Disciplinary Knowledge (Skills) Actions taken within a topic to gain substantive knowledge	Substantive Knowledge This is the specific, factual content for a topic, which is connected into a careful sequence of learning	Prior Learning (KS2)	Future learning (KS3)
r 9 Curriculum Overview- Subject	Autumn term	Unit 1 Python programmer	Develop and apply higher order programming skills using Python Programmer, such as creating lists, indexing and slicing. Create and debug programmes using the Python environment. Create an effective programme with minimal errors and explain how the programme works using specialist terms.	1.1 Outputs, variables and inputs1.2 Strings and maths1.3 Selection1.4 Iteration	Year 8 Unit 4 – Programming with Small Basic. Developing knowledge, understanding and ability in coding and applying it to Python coding language.	Underpins GCSE Computer Science curriculum.
	Spring term	Unit 2 Business apprentice	Develop an understanding of the purpose of marketing and the different stages involved in the marketing process. Identify the methods involved in meeting the needs of a target audience. Evaluate different pricing strategies that could be used when bringing a new product to market. Make effective recommendations to support a business introducing a new product.	 1.1 Researching existing products. 1.2 Creating an effective brand. 1.3 Setting a pricing strategy. 1.4 Developing an effective advertisement. 1.5 Presenting a business idea. 	Year 7 Unit 4 – Environmental Entrepreneur. Developing understanding of key concepts and wider commercial issues.	Underpins GCSE Computer Science curriculum.
	Spring / Summer term	Unit 3 Web developer	Research and explore what makes a good web application. Understand and use design and development tools to create an effective application. Evaluate, test and refine a web application based on feedback from the target audience.	1.1 Research and analyse existing web apps.1.2 Plan a web app solution.1.3 Create a web app solution.1.4 Test and refine a web app.	Year 7 Unit 4 – Environmental Entrepreneur. Year 9 Unit 1 – Python Programmer. Testing and evaluating apps by other users.	Underpins GCSE Computer Science curriculum.
Year	Summer term	Unit 4 Data representation	Develop knowledge and understanding of how a computer uses and processes data. Be able to carry out data conversions and carry out simple binary calculations. Investigate different methods computers use to format and compress data files.	1.1 How computers process instructions using binary code 1.2 Converting binary code to denary code and hexadecimal. 1.3 How images are stored using binary code. 1.4 How audio is stored using binary code.	Year 8 Unit 3 – Computational thinking. Year 8 Unit 4 – Programming with Small Basic. Year 9 Unit 1 – Python programmer	Underpins GCSE Computer Science curriculum.

The Big Picture

Students will build on knowledge learnt from year 8. Students will develop knowledge of programming further from summer term of year 8 immediately into autumn term of year 9. Students will use Python which is more advanced than Small Basic. Students will then be introduced to Business. This will support them in making appropriate choices for options.

Year Group 9

Intent

- 1. Python students will develop knowledge and understanding of textual based programming using Python. This will prepare students for GCSE paper 2 and NEA.
- 2. Introduction to business students will explore the 4Ps of the marketing mix and present a brand for a given scenario.
- 3. Web developer students will explore different applications and then develop an application for a given scenario.
- 4. Data and data representation students will be introduced to how computers work and calculate. They will carry out calculations to convert between binary, denary and hexadecimal values.

Implementation

Students will work through the 4 topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will be graded using 'rubric style assessment grids' that focus students' abilities of each individual skill. Students will be graded BRONZE, SILVER, GOLD or PLATINUM and graded within the given mark boundary.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module, these include group tasks that provide chances for students to interact with other, demonstrate levels of communication and leadership. Practical work, such as programming will provide problem solving activities in which students will be required to use their initiative and demonstrate high levels of resilience.

Home learning – students will be expected to complete 2 independent home learning pieces per topic. This will consolidate learning from the classroom and support preparation for end of unit assessments. A homework booklet will be provided at the start of the year detailing what is expected.

Autumn Term Python

- PLATINUM standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Spring Term

Introduction to Business

- PLATINUM standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Summer Term

Web Developer and Data Representation

- PLATINUM standard assessment grid will be used to assess knowledge and understanding of this unit.

Impact

Students will develop a good knowledge of the benefits and drawbacks of different types of business ownership. They will explore how computers solve problems and carry out complex calculations. Students will build up excellent programming skills that will set them up perfectly for the GCSE CS GCSE.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 9 Python Programming

Time frame: 14 hours

Approximate number of Lessons: 14

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To develop and apply programming skills using Python programming software. Students will learn a range of programming techniques and use these to build a program for a given scenario.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This is developing visual block based programming from year 7 (Scratch) and part textual based programming in year 8 (Small Basic).

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	To be able to create a basic program that runs with minimal error, using a	Debug pre made programs created in Python environment.
	range of programming techniques such as strings, functions and iteration.	
Better	To create an effective program that runs without error and be able to	Create a program using Python environment using some pre-existing source
	explain how the program works, using good application of specialist	code.
	technical terminology.	Create flow charts to visually represent program created.
Excellent	To create an effective and efficient program that runs without error, using	Create a program from scratch using Python environment.
	a range of programming skills, demonstrating an excellent knowledge and	Produce pseudo code to represent program created.
	understanding of technical terminology to explain.	

Implementation:

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
High order programming skills	1.1 Outputs, variables, and	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
and techniques including	inputs	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
creating lists, indexing and	1.2 Strings and maths	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
slicing.	1.3 Selection	 Data types and 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
	1.4 Iteration	variables	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
	1.4 (c) (d)	2. IF statements	understanding.	

Engagement:

Students will work through weekly skills tasks. Evidence of progress will be through the programs completed on Python. These will be RAG rated in student booklets. Students will complete end of unit challenges will be assessed using the 'Gold Standard' rubric assessment grid.

Impact:

Knowledge and understanding of key terminology presented through workbooks and verbal questioning. Students will produce a physical program using the skills developed in class – this will demonstrate and assess student's ability to program. Application of knowledge and understanding of program created presented in written report.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Year 9 – Introduction to
Business

Time frame: 10 hours

Approximate number of Lessons: 10

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To introduce the topic of 'marketing'. To develop an understanding of the purpose of marketing and the different stages involved in the marketing process (4P's). Students will develop a unique brand for a given scenario and pitch their idea in a Dragons Den style approach.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This is new unit, that prepares students considering opting Business at GCSE. Some elements of this unit will have been discussed during year 8 topic on spreadsheets.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to identify the purpose of marketing and the methods involved in	Interpret and apply key business terminology.
	identifying and meeting the needs of a target audience. Able to identify different	
	pricing strategies that could be implemented by a business.	
Better	Able to explain the pros and cons of different pricing strategies when introducing a	Interpret business plans
	new product to market.	Be able to compare and contrast.
Excellent	Ability to make effective recommendations to support a business looking at	Annotate and develop business plans to improve their effectiveness.
	introducing a new product to market. This will include evaluations of effective	Make reasoned recommendations.
	pricing strategies and research methods to adopt.	

Implementation:

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
How different elements of	1.1 Researching existing	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
marketing fit together to	products	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
support effective introduction	1.2 Creating an effective brand	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
of a new product to a market.	1.3 Setting a pricing strategy	 Pricing strategy 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
	1.4 Developing an effective	Storyboard – advert	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
	advertisement		understanding.	
	1.5 Pitch			

Engagement:

Students will complete weekly activities and develop a presentation to display their knowledge and understanding of marketing.

Impact:

Knowledge and understanding of the different aspects of marketing evident through student's final presentation/pitch. Impact will be measured through the 'Gold Standard' assessment grid against the minimum expected target grade.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview: Year 9 Web Development	Time frame: 10 hours	Approximate number of Lessons: 10
What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit) To explore what mak	es an effective web application	on. Students will research into what makes an effective
web application. They will then design and develop an interactive application for a g	iven scenario.	

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? In year 7 students learn about entrepreneurial characteristics during Eco Dragons Den. In year 8 learning progresses to develop knowledge and understanding of protocols and security issues associated with networks and applications.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	To be able to recognise what makes an effective application.	To research into and analyse the effectiveness of existing applications.
Better	To be able to recognise design and development tools to create an	To design and develop an effective application using industry standard software.
	effective application.	
Excellent	To be able to understand how to effectively test and refine an application.	To develop an effective test plan to support a refined application model.

Implementation:

What are the opportunities for	Units	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
To explore the protocols and	1.1 Research and analyse	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Platinum Standard' rubric
complex programming	existing web apps	independent home learning	the 'Platinum Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
language used to development	1.2 Plan a web app solution.	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
an effective application model.	1.3 Create a web app solution	1.	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
	1.4 Test and refine a web app		task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
	1.1 rest and renne a wes app		understanding.	

Engagement:

Students will design and develop an effective and interactive web application using WIX software for a given scenario.

Impact:

Knowledge and understanding of what it takes to be a web developer.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

Paper 2 – Computer Science GCSE programming NEA and Business Entrepreneur

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Year 9 – Data and Data Representation

Time frame: 7 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 7

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To develop an understanding and knowledge of how a computer processes and uses data, develop ability to carry out data conversions and perform simple binary calculations and explore different methods computers use to format and compress data files.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This unit will link into and further develop on from year 8 unit – Computational Thinking

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to recognise how computers process instructions using binary. Be able to correctly order	Order units of data accurately.
	units of data. Be able to convert denary into binary. Be able to represent images as binary using bit	Convert between binary and denary values
	code.	Display images using RLE.
Better	Ability to describe common units of data, describe how binary codes are used to represent	Convert between units of data.
	characters and convert between units of data. Able to perform simple binary calculations (+/='s).	Binary to denary calculations (+/-)
	Able to describe how images can be represented in binary and sound can be stored digitally.	Calculate colour depth.
Excellent	Ability to describe the relationship between character bits and sets. Able to explain the terms	Calculate binary shift.
	'binary overflow' and 'binary shift'. Able to convert data into hexadecimal values and describe audio	Convert between hex and denary/binary.
	and visual compression techniques.	

Implementation:

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
	What might be the pitians:	_	-	_
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Developing understanding of	Complex conversions of	Students will complete 2	This unit will be marked using	'Gold Standard' rubric
how computers store and use	converting values from binary	independent home learning	the 'Gold Standard' rubric	assessment grids will identify
data input by human beings.	to hexadecimal.	pieces per unit.	assessment sheet. Each sub	key strengths and areas for
		 Keyword definitions 	unit will have an assessment	development. This will support
		Bit representation	task to identify knowledge and	1-9 PPG grading.
			understanding.	

Engagement:

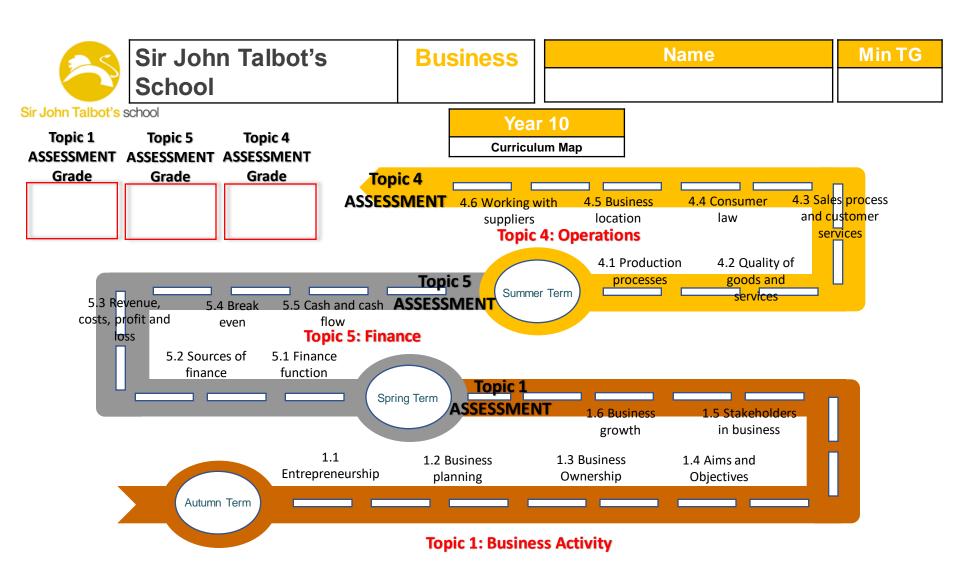
Students will role play how computers translate human code into machine code.

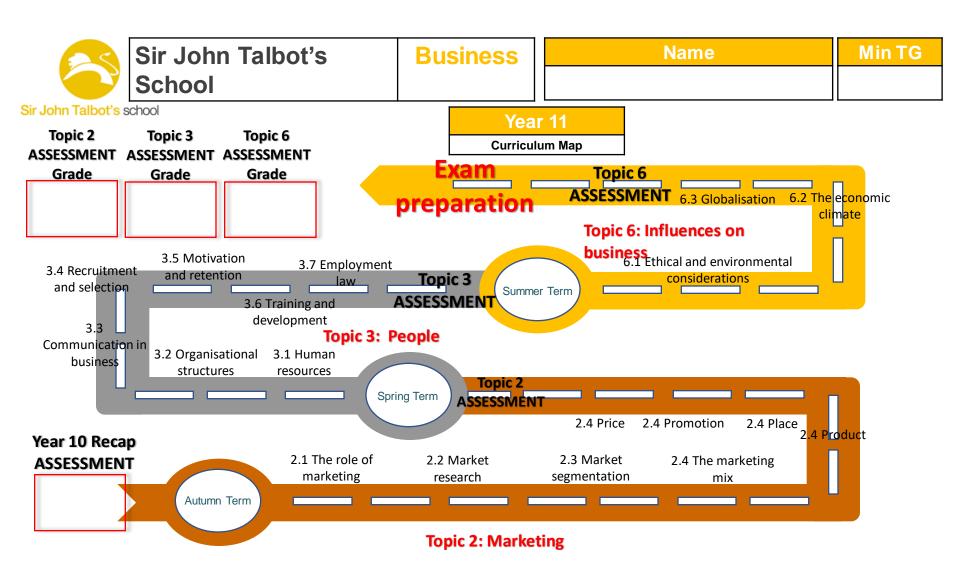
Impact:

Student booklets and assessment will identify an ability to convert between different units of data and perform a range of calculations with confidence.

Digital Enterprise

KS4 Business





The Big Picture

Students will work through topics 1-3 of Business paper 1 (Business activity, marketing and people). Students will build up a knowledge of what it takes to set up a new business, including the risks involved. They will explore the role of marketing and will consider the impact of human resources on a business.

Year Group 10

Intent

- 1. Business activity students will learn about the role of business enterprise, business planning, business ownership, business amd objectives, stakeholders in business and business growth.
- 2. Marketing students will learn about the role of marketing within business, the importance of market research, how to segment a market and will explore the marketing mix.
- 3. Students will learn about the role of human resources, how different organizations are structured and the different ways of working, how businesses communicate information, the recruitment and selection process, how businesses motivate and retain staff, the importance of training and development, and employment law.

Implementation

Students will work through the 3 topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will conclude with a formal in class examination.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module. Students will work in groups, communicating with each other, demonstrating high levels of leadership and organization. Students will show initiative through their activities and study by using all sources available.

A key focus will be made on understanding key terminology and command verbs, along with regular opportunities to challenge students ability to apply knowledge to extended answer questions. Flipped learning activities will formulate the majority of home learning as research has proven that this is most effective in supporting development of prior knowledge leading to improved in class response and attention.

Students will be engaged in a number of practical activities including developing their own business brand, product and marketing mix. Students will be expected to present these to the rest of the class.

Autumn Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 1 – Business activity. Students will also have 2 extended answer questions on business activity.

Spring Term

LO in class topic test for sub unit 2 – Marketing. Students will also have 2 extended answer questions on marketing.

Summer Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 3 – People. Students will also have 2 extended answer questions on people.

Impact

Students will develop a good knowledge and understanding of business activity, marketing and people within business. This will support students with application to GCSE Business paper 1 questions. Students will explore and create success criteria to support with application of knowledge to extended answer questions. Students will also be taught how to extract evidence from a given scenario to support ability to gain grades from A03 band.

The Big Picture

Students will work through topics 4-7of Business paper 2 (Operations, finance and influences on business). Students will build up a knowledge of how existing and established business operate. They will explore such things as processes of production, quality control and consumer law. Students will investigate the role of the finance function and explore ethical and environmental behaviours of

Year Group 11

businesses. Intent

- 1. Operations students will learn about production processes, quality of goods and services, the sales process and customer services, consumer law, business location and working with suppliers.
- 2. Finance students will learn about the role of the finance function, how business source finance, work through revenue, costs, profit and loss calculations, break even and cash and cash flow.
- 3. Influences on business students will learn about environmental and ethical considerations of a business, the impact of the economic climate and globalization.

Implementation

Students will work through the 3 topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will conclude with a formal in class examination.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module. Students will work in groups, communicating with each other, demonstrating high levels of leadership and organization. Students will show initiative through their activities and study by using all sources available.

A key focus will be made on understanding key terminology and command verbs, along with regular opportunities to challenge student's ability to apply knowledge to extended answer questions.

Flipped learning activities will formulate most of the home learning as research has proven that this is most effective in supporting development of prior knowledge leading to improved in class response and attention.

Autumn Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 3 – Operations. Students will also have 2 extended answer questions on operations.

Spring Term

LO in class topic test for sub unit $5-{\sf Finance}$.

Students will also have 2 extended answer questions on finance..

Summer Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 6 – Influences on business. Students will also have 2 extended answer questions on influences on business.

Impact

Students will develop a good knowledge and understanding of operations, finance and influences within business. This will sup port students with application to GCSE Business paper 2 questions. Students will explore and create success criteria to support with application of knowledge to extended answer questions. Students will also be taught how to extract evidence from a given scenario to support ability to gain grades from A03 band.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Unit 1 – Business Activity

Time frame: 7 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 21

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To introduce the topic of 'business activity'. To develop an understanding of the reason why businesses exist, how to set up a new business, recognise different types of business ownership along with their benefits and drawbacks and what is involved when setting up a new business.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This unit builds on the taster session from year 9 – Introduction to Business.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to identify reasons why businesses exist, different types of business	Interpret and apply key business terminology.
	ownership (+/-'s), requirements needed to consider when setting up a new	
	business and stakeholders involved in a business.	
Better	Ability to explain potential risks and rewards involved in setting up a business.	Interpret business plans
	Recognition of the importance of business planning and how different	Be able to compare and contrast.
	stakeholders may influence business decisions and activity.	
Excellent	Ability to recommend most appropriate type of ownership for a business, analyse	Annotate and develop business plans to improve their effectiveness.
	the usefulness of a business plan, analyse and evaluate the importance of	Make reasoned recommendations.
	different stakeholder groups and consider ways in which a business could grow.	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Exploration of considerations	New terminology that is	Practice question booklet.	Sub unit extended answer	Sub unit exam questions.
that businesses need to take	unfamiliar to students.	Flipped learning activity –	questions (1.1 – 1.6).	Sub unit grades taken from
into account in terms of their		business ownership.	Mini mock assessment exam –	mini mock.
ownership type and future		Flipped learning activity –	this will assess each sub unit	
ownership developments.		business growth.	within this topic (1.1 – 1.6).	

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Students to explore current or past entrepreneurs. Students will be presented with scenarios from real life (existing) businesses.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Knowledge and understanding applied through extended answer questions will demonstrate excellent understanding of key terminology. Use of Success Criteria will demonstrate student's excellent ability to plan and structure GCSE questions appropriately. Grades converted to 1-9 score from mini assessments.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

GCSE Business paper 1 - Unit 1.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Unit 2 - Marketing

Time frame: 8 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 24

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

Students will explore the role marketing plays within business. They will investigate what a business needs to consider when conducting marketing and market research and will specifically focus on the four 4p's of the marketing mix.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This is new learning. Some aspects of this unit will have been taught discretely at KS3.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to identify and explain the role of marketing in business activity. Ability to define different methods	Identify and explain.
	of market research undertaken by businesses. Ability to explain the meaning of segmentation. Ability to	
	identify different parts of the marketing mix.	
Better	Ability to explain how different businesses might have a different approach to marketing. Ability to explain	Explain and justify.
	the advantages and disadvantages of methods of market research. Ability to explain how segmentation	
	helps a business target customers. Ability to explain different parts of the marketing mix.	
Excellent	Ability to analyse and evaluate the purpose and importance of marketing in business activity. Ability to	Analyse, discuss and recommend.
	analyse different types of market research and make justified recommendations as to which is most	
	suitable for a particular situation. Ability to recommend appropriate market segmentation. Ability to	
	recommend an appropriate marketing mix for a particular business.	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Development of understanding	Misconceptions of confusing	Practice question booklet.	Sub unit extended answer	Sub unit exam questions.
of importance of marketing for	digital distribution with e-	Flipped learning activity –	questions (2.1 – 2.4).	Sub unit grades taken from
business success. Exploring	commerce.	pricing strategies.	Mini mock assessment exam –	mini mock.
different approaches a business		Flipped learning activity –	this will assess each sub unit	
may consider.		product life cycle.	within this topic (2.1 – 2.4).	

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Students will engage in a marketing mix activity in which they will develop and market their own product/brand.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Knowledge and understanding applied through extended answer questions will demonstrate excellent understanding of key terminology. Use of Success Criteria will demonstrate student's excellent ability to plan and structure GCSE questions appropriately. Grades converted to 1-9 score from mini assessments.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

GCSE Business paper 1 – Unit 2.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Unit 3 - People

Time frame: 8 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 24

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

Students will explore the role of human resources in business. They will investigate different types of organisational structure used by businesses, different ways of working, how businesses communicate, methods of recruitment, selection, motivation, retention, training and development. They will also look into current employment law and the impact and influences they have on business activity, operations and decisions.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This is new learning. Some aspects of this unit will have been taught discretely at KS3.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Able to explain the meaning of the term human resources. Able to explain an organisational structure and use terminology related to it. Able to explain the importance of communications to businesses. Able to explain why businesses recruit and identify what is involved in the recruitment process. Able to identify methods of motivation and types of training. Identify employment law.	Identify and explain.
Better	Able to explain how a business identifies its human resource needs. Able to explain the benefits and drawbacks of different types of structure. Able to evaluate the importance of business communications. Able to evaluate different methods of recruitment and selection. Able to explain different methods of motivation and training. Explain employment law.	Explain, evaluate and justify.
Excellent	Able to evaluate the benefits and costs to businesses of completing an analysis of their human resource needs. Able to evaluate the impact of changes in the ways in which people work on businesses and on its workers. Able to analyse ways in which digital communications have influenced businesses. Able to analyse the advantages and disadvantages of different methods of selection and evaluate the use of each. Able to recommend appropriate methods of motivation and training. Analyse the impact of employment law.	Analyse, discuss and recommend.

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Opportunity to explore how	Changes to current UK	Practice question booklet.	Sub unit extended answer	Sub unit exam questions.
legislation influences and	legislation.	Flipped learning activity –	questions (3.1 – 3.7).	Sub unit grades taken from
impacts on business decisions.	Misunderstandings of how	apprenticeships.	Mini mock assessment exam –	mini mock.
	training differs to development.	Flipped learning activity –	this will assess each sub unit	
		employment law.	within this topic (3.1 – 3.7).	

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Students will develop and conduct mock interviews in order to identify with the process of recruitment and selection.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Knowledge and understanding applied through extended answer questions will demonstrate excellent understanding of key terminology. Use of Success Criteria will demonstrate student's excellent ability to plan and structure GCSE questions appropriately. Grades converted to 1-9 score from mini assessments.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

GCSE Business paper 1 - Unit 3.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Unit 4 - Operations

Time frame: 7 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 21

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To introduce the topic of 'operations' within a business. To develop an understanding of the reason why a business should analyse and evaluate the way it produces it's products and the level of quality said products are produced at; why businesses should consider their choice of location very carefully; why businesses should evaluate their customer service provision; how consumer law may impact on operations and how a business should manage its relationships with its suppliers.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This unit builds on work completed earlier in the year on introduction to business, marketing and people – encouraging learners to begin to consider the interdependent nature of business and how operations will be heavily influenced by the nature of the business, its marketing activities and the nature of the employees.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to identify:	Recall of new terminology.
	Different production methods	Identification of different terms in different situations.
	2. The importance of quality and how "quality" can be a subjective term.	
	3. Why providing excellent customer service is imperative to success – particularly in	
	businesses with high levels of customer interaction.	
	4. The impact consumer law can have on a business.	
	5. The different factors at play when deciding on a location.	
	6. How supply chain management and lengthy supply chains can impact on a business'	
	objectives and operations.	
Better	Students should be able to apply these concepts in multiple contexts, analysing how different	Ability to analyse impact of choices on a business and its
	businesses will respond to situations with different solutions that involve production methods,	stakeholders.
	quality, customer service, consumer law, choosing location and managing a supply chain.	
Excellent	Students should be able to evaluate the different methods and factors involved with the	Evaluation/comparison/contrast/problem solving to weigh
	subtopics listed below to recommend different solutions within different contexts, adding in-	up options a business may have.
	depth application to reach the highest grades, commenting heavily on the nature of the business	
	in different contexts.	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Exploration of considerations	New terminology that is	Practice question,	Unit "midterm" 2x3 and 1x9	Sub unit "multiple choice
that businesses need to take	unfamiliar to students.	Flipped learning activities –	marker on quality and	check- in tests".
into account when creating		business location	production methods.	Unit midterm 2x3 and 1x9
solutions for problems		Flipped learning activity –		marker.
involving the operations		consumer law.		End of unit assessment scores
department.				and grades.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Unit 5 - Finance

Time frame: 8 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 24

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To introduce the topic of 'Finance' within a business. To develop an understanding of the importance of sound financial management and why there's a need for a department dedicated to this. To consider where a business can source it's finance, how a business may generate revenue and use this to cover different types of costs in order to evaluate whether it makes a profit or a loss, how many units should be produced to break-even and how/why cash flow is an important concept.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This unit encourages learners to begin to consider the interdependent nature of business and how decisions made in different departments will have an impact on the finance function and the overall profitability of a business venture.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to identify:	Addition/subtraction/multiplication and division in
	Why a business needs a function dedicated to financial management.	context of finance.
	2. How much revenue a business makes.	Use of division/multiplication to express profit as a
	3. The difference between variable and fixed costs.	percentage of revenue.
	4. The overall profit/loss position of a business.	Ability to analyse different numerical figures/data to make
	5. A break-even point and contribution per unit.	judgements on financial security and success.
	6. The key elements of a cash flow forecast, developing an ability to analyse a cash flow	
	position and identify positive or negative trends.	
Better	Students should be able to apply these concepts in multiple contexts, analysing how different	Ability to analyse impact of choices on a business and its
	businesses will respond to situations with different solutions that involve financial decisions.	stakeholders.
	Students should be able to explain how changing circumstances will lead to different decisions	
	regarding increased emphasis on revenue growth or cost reduction.	
Excellent	Students should be able to evaluate the different methods and factors involved with the	Evaluation/comparison/contrast/problem solving to weigh
	subtopics listed above to recommend different solutions within different contexts, adding in-	up options a business may have.
	depth application to reach the highest grades, commenting heavily on the nature of the business	
	in different contexts.	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Exploration of considerations	New terminology that is	Practice questions,	Unit "midterm" 2x3 and 1x9	Sub unit "multiple choice
that businesses need to take	unfamiliar to students.	Flipped learning activities –	marker on quality and	check- in tests".
into account when creating	Weak mathematical capability.	break-even graphs.	production methods.	Unit midterm 2x3 and 1x9
solutions for problems		Flipped learning activity – cash		marker.
involving the finance function.		flow forecasts.		End of unit assessment scores
				and grades.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Unit 6 - Influence	es on
Rusiness	

Time frame: 4 weeks

Approximate number of Lessons: 12

What is the big picture? (Provide a clear overview of the unit)

To introduce the topic of the external 'influences' a business may face and how they should respond. Students will consider how a business should consider maintaining a ethical and environmental profile at all times, despite the cost. Students will also consider how a globalised marketplace and fluctuations within the wider economy will impact upon a business and its decision making (specifically analysing unemployment and consumer spending).

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This unit encourages learners to begin to consider the interdependent nature of business by analysing how wider influences will impact the decision making of other departments within a business.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

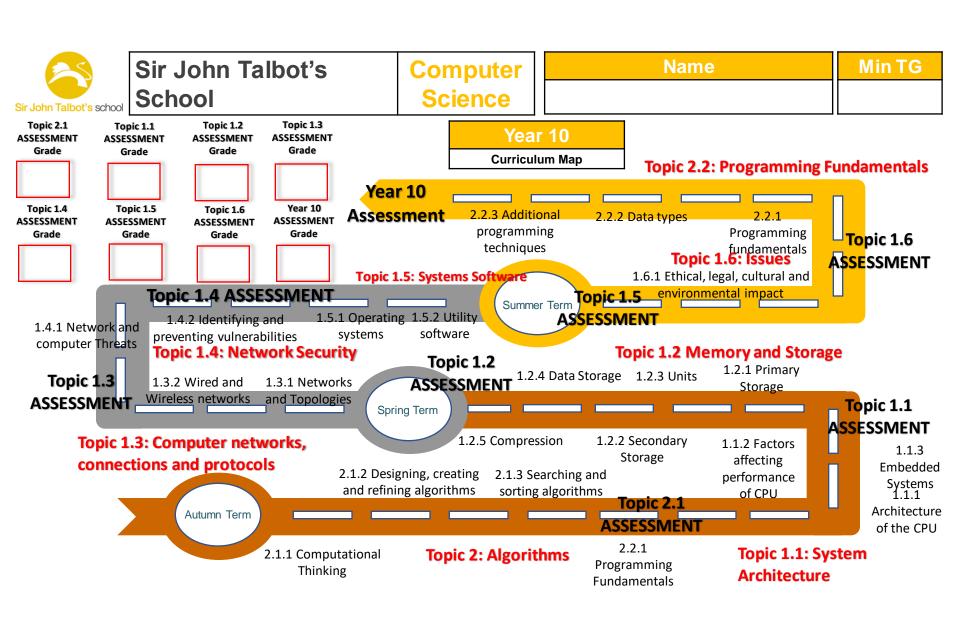
	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Ability to identify:	Recall of new terminology.
	1. The different ethical and environmental choices and considerations that a business faces.	Identification of different terms in different situations.
	2. How changes in unemployment, consumer spending, GDP growth, consumer confidence and	
	business confidence can and will affect the demand for a business' products and subsequent	
	success.	
	3. The factors that have to led to a globalised marketplace in which business' may now sell	
	their products and the opportunities and threats this bring to a business.	
Better	Students should be able to apply these concepts in multiple contexts, analysing how different	Ability to analyse impact of choices on a business and its
	businesses will respond to situations with different solutions that changing external influences.	stakeholders.
	Students should be able to explain how different actions from a business can help utilise	
	opportunities and minimise threats.	
Excellent	Students should be able to evaluate the different solutions on offer to businesses when solving	Evaluation/comparison/contrast/problem solving to weigh
	problems posed by a changing external environment within different contexts. Adding in-depth	up options a business may have.
	application to reach the highest grades, commenting heavily on the nature of the business in	
	different contexts.	

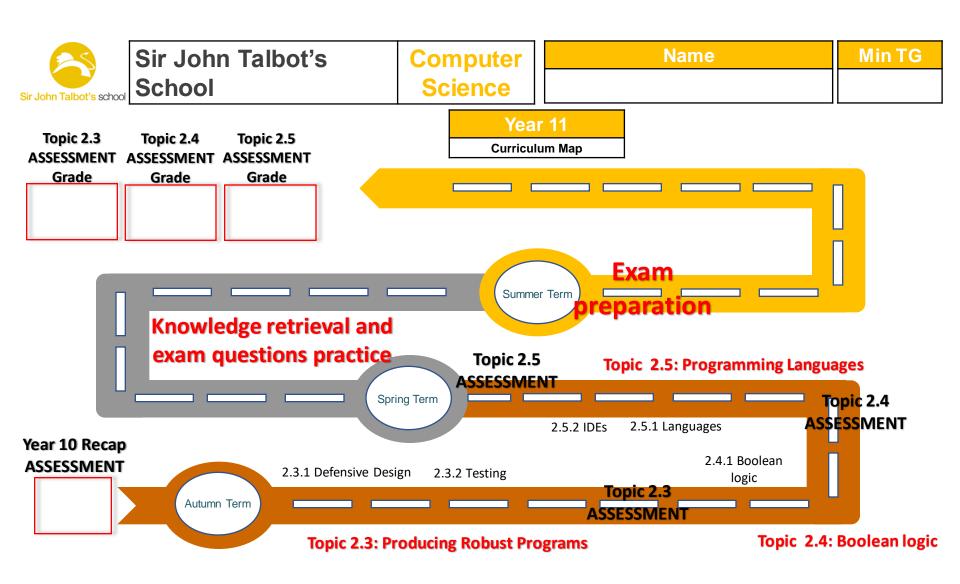
Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Exploration of considerations	New terminology that is	Practice questions,	Unit "midterm" 2x3 and 1x9	Sub unit "multiple choice
that businesses need to take	unfamiliar to students.	Flipped learning activities –	marker on quality and	check- in tests".
into account when	Weak mathematical capability.	impacts of unemployment	production methods.	Unit midterm 2x3 and 1x9
recommending solutions to the		Flipped learning activity –		marker.
threats posed by a changing		ethical or environmental?		End of unit assessment scores
external environment.				and grades.

Digital Enterprise

KS4 Computer Science





The Big Picture

Students will start the course by working through the topics of 2.1 and 2.2 of the Computer science paper (Algorithms and Programming fundamentals). This will allow students to start the develop their programming skills early in the course and to continue throughout the 2 years. Students will then work through topics 1.1 to 1.6 and build up knowledge to complete Component 1 exam paper at the end of year

Year Group 10

Intent

10.

- 1. Algorithms and Programming fundamentals students will learn about the role of elements that make up computational thinking and how these are used in solving problems. Students will continue to develop their programming skills meeting the requirements to learn techniques set in the specification.
- 2. System Architecture and Memory and Storage students will learn about the architecture of the Von Neuman processor and the primary and secondary storage.
- 3. Computer Networks and Network security Students will learn about the different types of networks, topologies, network hardware along with the threats to networks.
- 4. Systems software and Issues Students will learn the role of the operating system and the types of utility software. Investigate the impact of technology on society and environment.

Implementation

Students will work through the specified topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will conclude with a formal in class examination.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module. Students will work in groups, communicating with each other, demonstrating high levels of leadership and organisation. Students will show initiative through their activities and study by using all sources available.

A key focus will be made on understanding key terminology and command verbs, along with regular opportunities to challenge students' ability to apply knowledge to extended answer questions. Flipped learning activities will formulate most of the home learning tasks as research has proven that this is most effective in supporting development of prior knowledge leading to improved in class response and attention. Students will be required to watch videos for each specification point and complete Cornell notes:

 $Students\ will\ be\ engaged\ in\ developing\ several\ programming\ tasks\ to\ develop\ their\ programming\ skills.$

Consider your assessment Markers

Identify where the following will take place;

Key assessments
Low stakes testing
Deep marking points
Home learning
Examinations
Conferencing/MAD time
Moderation

Autumn Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 2.1 – Algorithms 1.1 – System Architecture and 1.2 Memory and storage.

Spring Term

LO in class topic test for sub unit 1.3 – Networks and 1.4 – Network security.

Summer Term

LO in class topic test for sub unit 1.5 – System Software and 1.6 – Issues. Students will also complete an end of Year 10 exam to assess all content

learnt.

Impact

Students will develop their capability, creativity and knowledge in computer science. Students will use practical skills to develop and apply their analytic, problem-solving, design and computational thinking skills. Students will develop their programming skills by completing several programming challenges to allow knowledge to complete programming exam questions. Students will be able to access all assessment objectives by understanding the command verb and developing knowledge retrieval of topics learnt this year.

The Big Picture

Year Group 11

Students will start Year 11 working through the topic 2.3 Producing robust programs, 2.4 Boolean logic and 2.5 Programming languages. Students will then have a routine of exam paper chunking whereby a full paper will be broken down and focused on each week to allow knowledge retrieval and content interleaving. Command words will be revisited as well as misconceptions in preparation for the final exams.

Intent

- 1. Producing robust programs students will learn the measures taken in defensive design, ensuring programs are maintainable and well tested.
- 2. Boolean logic students will learn about the different logic gates and how to produce a truth table for a given logic diagram.
- 3. Programming languages Students will learn the characteristics of different levels of programming languages and the features available in Integrated development environments (IDE).

Implementation

Students will work through the specified topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will conclude with a formal in class examination.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module. Students will work in groups, communicating with each other, demonstrating high levels of leadership and organisation. Students will show initiative through their activities and study by using all sources available.

A key focus will be made on understanding key terminology and command verbs, along with regular opportunities to challenge students' ability to apply knowledge to extended answer questions. Flipped learning activities will formulate most of the home learning as research has proven that this is most effective in supporting development of prior knowledge leading to improved in class response and attention. Students will be required to watch videos for each specification point and complete Cornell notes.

Students will be engaged in developing their own programming project and demonstrating the knowledge learnt within the programming and project documentation.

Consider your assessment Markers

Identify where the following will take place;

Key assessments
Low stakes testing
Deep marking points
Home learning
Examinations
Conferencing/MAD time
Moderation

Autumn Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 2,3 – Producing robust programs, 2.4 – Boolean logic and 2.5 – Programming languages.

Spring Term

Past paper and sample paper exams will be chunked into 3 parts and assessed on each week.

Summer Term

Preparation for final exams: J277/01 Computer Systems exam J277/02 Computational thinking, algorithms and programming exam

Impact

Students will develop their capability, creativity and knowledge in computer science. Students will use practical skills to develop and apply their analytic, problem-solving, design and computational thinking skills. Students will develop their programming skills by completing several programming challenges to allow knowledge to complete programming exam questions. Students will be able to access all assessment objectives by understanding the command verb and developing knowledge retrieval of topics learnt this year.

What is the big picture?

- . What is memory is and why would a computer system need this.
- · How does their body relate to a computer system?
- · Does a bigger brain mean you can process more information?

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This follows on from the computing knowledge unit at KS3

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Explain what RAM and ROM are Explain what virtual memory and flash memory are	List the two main forms of memory. Discuss the need for ROM and
Better	 Explain what RAM and ROM are used for, using some of the keywords Explain how a lack of RAM can affect performance, discussing virtual memory use and disadvantages Give a range of examples of flash memory 	RAM 3. Explain the difference between ROM and RAM 4. Discuss the impact of the amount
Excellent	 Can create a detailed visualisation of how RAM and ROM work using all of the keywords Can explain how RAM uses addresses Detailed discussion on virtual memory including disk thrashing, paging/swapping, fragmented memory addressing issues EBI - Research the electronic differences between Flash memory and RAM 	of RAM on performance 5. Use keyword terminology in written responses.

Time frame: 2 lessons

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Students could find out how memory has changed over the years and how current electronic components may restrict further growth. Students can look at the research and development from intel and other industry leaders.	Virtual Memory is permanently created. Virtual memory is only created and used if needed, as it is much slower than RAM. Virtual memory is controlled/created by the Operating System.	Create a glossary of key words Explain the impact of memory on gaming computer	Past paper question on topic	1.2 End of topic test

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Coach thinks of a problem with their computer and the coachee has to guess, using guidance from the coach.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Students will be able to discuss all types of memory and its impact on the computer system.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

1.6 Malware - impact on memory; 1.7 system software

Time frame: 2 lessons

What is the big picture?

- 1. Understand the need for secondary storage
- 2. Understand the different types of storage device
- 3. Understand the different characteristics of different types of storage

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This follows on from the computing knowledge unit at KS3

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	 Define the term secondary storage Name the common types of storage Match most devices correctly to the type of storage Identify some characteristics of different types of storage 	Use keyword terminology to explain the different types of storage media and their characteristics
Better	 Describe the need for secondary storage Match devices to their type of storage Describe the characteristics of each type of storage 	Be able to recommend a storage device for a situation
Excellent	 Explain how each type of storage device works Compare the use of different types of storage media 	Estimate data capacity requirements for different file types

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Students could recommend an appropriate type of data storage for each scenario given and justify their choice based on the different characteristics, this could be written in the form of questions for students to write their answers in prose.	Students refer to their USB memory stick as a USB. USB is a connection protocol, not a storage device. A USB memory stick is a solid state storage device that connects to the PC through a USB Port When recalling optical students associate it with vision, not the use of lasers and light	Mind map storage devices Define Storage devices Scenario – recommend storage device Categorise storage devices into magnetic, optical or solid state Keyword – create glossary	Past paper question on topic (see topic by topic past papers)	1.3 End of topic test

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Consider capacity of cloud storage centre. What type of storage do they use? Capacity? Transfer rate? Cost?

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Students will be able to discuss storage devices and recommend a suitable method with keyword terminology. They will be able to estimate the data capacity of each media

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

1.7 systems software - operating and utility software

Time frame: 6 lessons

What is the big picture?

- We use the internet on a daily basis, but do we realise what is involved in this, what is working away in the background for us to do this?
- . Why is it a good idea to network computers together? Consider what we hope to gain from this. Consider if there may be any dangers or risks from networking computers together

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This follows on from the computing knowledge unit at KS3

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	 To describe the basic structure of the four types of network that are covered To describe the role of each of the components needed to create a LAN 	Use keyword terminology to explain the different types of network and
	To be able to identify the factors that affect the performance of a network	their characteristics
	 To be able to define the terms DNS, hosting, the cloud and virtual network 	
Better	 To describe the characteristics of the four types of network and can describe the role of different computers in a client-server and a <u>peer to peer</u> network 	Identify and discuss factors that affect performance and recommend solutions
	To be able to explain why these factors affect the performance	Solutions
	To be able to explain the role and purpose of each of the terms	Discuss the benefits of a VLAN
Excellent	To understands the benefits and draw backs of a client-server network and a peer-to-peer network	Diodes the periode of a VD tr
	 To be able to explain how these factors can be improved or possibly overcome 	
	 To understand the benefits of a virtual network and how they can be used. 	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Data packet transmission and	Learners can confuse the role and	Definitions task	Past paper question on topic (see	1.4 End of topic test
protocols	function of the different areas of the	View Warriors of the Net video –	topic by topic past papers)	
	internet	bring to lesson to discuss and make		
		connections with objectives		

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

The Internet – how does it work? Relating the use of networks to their everyday lives. Showing them how important networks are and what they take for granted being able to do through the use of networks.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Students will be asking how does the data get transmitted - thinking of protocols and error checking techniques.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

1.5 Network topologies and protocols

Time frame: 6 lessons

What is the big picture?

. Most computers and devices are connected together via networks. This opens up new opportunities and advantages.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This follows on from the computing knowledge unit at KS3

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	 Can draw and explain Mesh and Star topologies Makes some contribution towards discussions 	Use keyword terminology to explain the different types of network and their characteristics
Better	 Can explain some features of Layers and Protocols Can use give definitions to keywords Can use terminology in explanations but not always accurately 	Answer some questions from the exam papers on the topics
Excellent	 Uses the correct terminology and can explain the various keywords Makes an accurate video or animation about Network and the lesson content Uses the correct terminology and can explain the various keywords Explains each layer accurately Explains packet switching in detail and accurately 	Create a short animation or film on Network security. Code an encryption program using a programming language of your choice.

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Activity: network level of response – stimuli and resource links	MAC addresses are the same as IP addresses If a packet is lost the data is not sent All data is sent via the same route	Read blogs from resource link Create glossary of key terms GCSE Pod – listen and do activity Seneca – review and complete quiz	Past paper question on topic (see topic by topic past papers)	1.5 End of topic test

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Watch the video from 1994 about the internet and how new and unaware users / news reporters were. Discuss the changes and the development to the modern day

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

• Check understanding through Student's discussion; Feedback from students; Outcome of the Activities

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

1.6 network security

Time frame: 6 lessons

What is the big picture?

What computing threats are out there in the world?

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This follows on from the computing knowledge unit at KS3

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Understand types of malware and identify differences	Use keyword terminology to explain the different types of
	Students to understand the meaning of DDOS and brute force	network and their characteristics
	Have a basic knowledge of network forensics, related laws and network policy	
	Understand how to set a secure password	Define user access levels for a particular group
Better	Understand the different types of phishing and how they operate	
	Students to understand how a botnet is created	Answer questions from the exam papers on the topics
	 Have some knowledge of laws based around the misuse of tools typically used for forensic purposes 	7 mover questions from the exam papers on the topics
	 Understand how a Ceaser Cipher works and demonstrate the ability to encrypt and decrypt messages 	Apply knowledge to long answer response question to
Excellent	Discuss how data can be intercepted.	identify threats, impact and how to combat.
	Write a network policy for an SME	
	Students to explain vulnerabilities and how they can be exploited	
	Discuss the effects of encryption on organisations such as the Government	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Activity: network level of response – stimuli and resource links	Worms and viruses replicate in, order to spread however worms do not need to attach themselves to a program unlike viruses. Malware is otherwise known as malicious software. Viruses are an example of malware	Create glossary of key terms GCSE Pod – listen and do activity Seneca – review and complete quiz	Past paper question on topic (see topic by topic past papers)	1.6 End of topic test

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

How secure is your password? Use www.howsecureisyourpassword.net to check how long it will take to crack.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Level of response to discussion of encryption, interception and network vulnerabilities

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

1.7 System software and 1.8 legal issues

Time frame: 3 lessons

What is the big picture?

"What Operating Systems have you used? Why are there so many different Operating Systems?"

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This follows on from the computing knowledge unit at KS3

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

Use keyword terminology to explain the different types of network and their characteristics Answer questions from the exam papers on the topics
Answer questions from the exam papers on the topics
Answer questions from the exam papers on the topics
Stem (Peripheral Management, Communicate that Systems software provides an interface between the user and the hardware
To be able to escribe in detail the steps required to:
Compress a file (by lossless or lossy) Encrypt data Perform Disk Defragmentation nd vice versa

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
	Common misconceptions:-	Create glossary of key terms	Past paper question on topic (see	1.7
Use the LOR to develop deeper		GCSE Pod – listen and do activity	topic by topic past papers)	End of topic test
knowledge and allow Peer Assessment and Review.		Seneca – review and complete quiz		
		Explore further utility programs that		
		exist on your computer / mobile		
		phone and list the features and		
		functions of these.		

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

. The students will engage in a simple compression technique that they all take part in regularly (text speech

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

. Level of response to long answer question to discuss types of utility software and their function. Able to recommend where and how to use in given scenario or context.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

2.5 translators and facilities of language

Time frame: 3 lessons

What is the big picture?

There are lots of ethical, legal, cultural, environmental and privacy issues that can arise through the use of technology. There are many people involved with this and these are called stakeholders

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning? This follows on from the computing knowledge unit at KS3

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Learners understand the involvement different stakeholders have in the use and creation of technology	Use keyword terminology to explain the different types of
	Learners can outline issues within Ethics, Legal, Cultural, Environmental and Privacy	network and their characteristics
	Learners can state the difference between open source and proprietary software	
	Learners can identify at least one environmental and one privacy issue that can arise from the use of technology	Answer questions from the exam papers on the topics
Better	Learners can explain the implications of issues within Ethics, Legal, Cultural, Environmental and Privacy	
	Learners can link these into Stakeholders	Recognise and discuss issues related to Environmental,
	Learners can discuss the difference between open source and proprietary software	Cultural, Morals & Ethics
	Learners can explain some legislation to do with privacy	
	Learners can discuss basic environmental concerns related to a case study	Identify stakeholders in a range of scenarios
Excellent	Learners can analyse and discuss issues, in relation to stakeholders, across Ethics, Legal, Cultural, Environmental and Privacy	
	l	
	Learners argue as to which version of software may be better for a certain stakeholder	
	Learners can discuss the implications of multiple environmental and privacy issues	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Use the LOR to develop deeper knowledge and allow Peer Assessment and Review.	The impact of technology is regularly changing, so it is very difficult to develop specific content that should be learnt for this topic. The best thing to get learners to do is look at real life examples, look at news stories, become familiar with issues that are been spoken about around the work on a daily basis.	Create glossary of key terms GCSE Pod – listen and do activity Seneca – review and complete quiz	Past paper question on topic (see topic by topic past papers)	1.8 End of topic test

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Find examples of Computer Science in the news

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

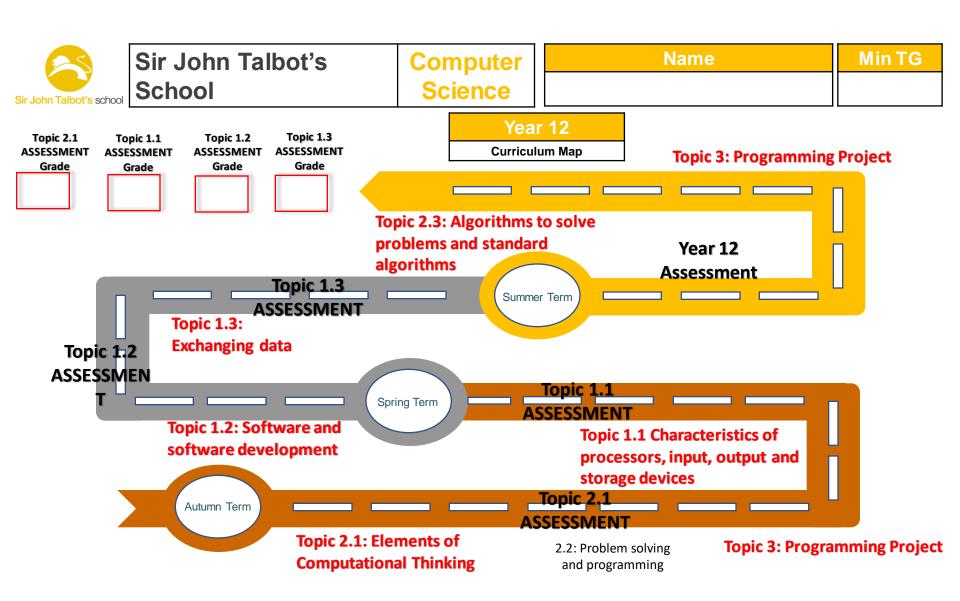
Level of analyse and discussion of issues, in relation to stakeholders, across Ethics, Legal, Cultural, Environmental and Privacy

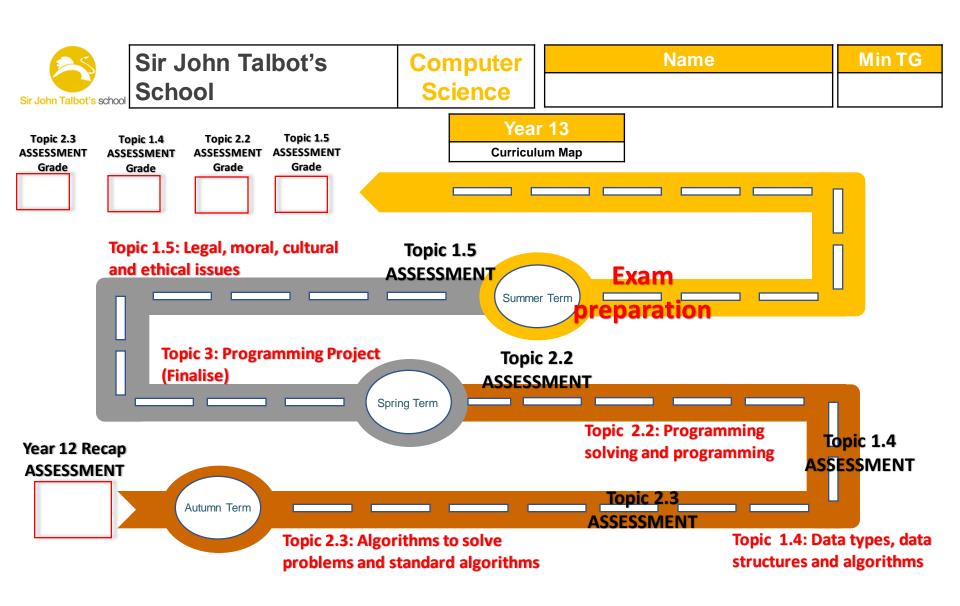
Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

Digital Enterprise

KS5 Computer Science

Marches Academy Trust (m)





The Big Picture

Year Group 12

Students will start the course by working through the topics of 2.1 and 2.2 of the Computer science paper (Elements of computational thinking and Problem solving and programming). This will allow students to start the analysis section of the programming project documentation. Students will then work through topics 1.1 to 1.3 and build up a knowledge on the system architecture.

Intent

- 1. Elements of computational thinking and Problem solving and programming students will learn about the role of elements that make up computational thinking and how these are used in solving problems. Students will continue to develop their programming skills meeting the requirements to learn techniques set in the specification.
- 2. Characteristics of processors, input, output and storage devices students will learn about the architecture of different processors and the role of input, output and storage devices.
- 3. Software and software development Students will learn the role of the operating system, how applications are generated and the process of developing software.
- 4. Exchanging data Students will learn about the different types of compression and encryption, gain practical experience of databases and networks.

Implementation

Students will work through the specified topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will conclude with a formal in class examination.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module. Students will work in groups, communicating with each other, demonstrating high levels of leadership and organisation. Students will show initiative through their activities and study by using all sources available.

A key focus will be made on understanding key terminology and command verbs, along with regular opportunities to challenge students ability to apply knowledge to extended answer questions. Flipped learning activities will formulate the majority of home learning as research has proven that this is most effective in supporting development of prior knowledge leading to improved in class response and attention. Students will be required to watch videos for each specification point and complete Cornell notes.

Students will be engaged in developing their own programming project and demonstrating the knowledge learnt within the programming and project documentation.

Consider your assessment Markers

Identify where the following will take place;

Key assessments
Low stakes testing
Deep marking points
Home learning
Examinations
Conferencing/MAD time
Moderation

Autumn Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 2.1 – Elements of computational thinking and 1.1 – Characteristics of processors.

Spring Term

LO in class topic test for sub unit 1.2 – Software and software development and 1.3 – Exchanging data.

Summer Term

Unit 3 – programming project will be marked against the mark scheme.
Students will also complete an end of Year 12 exam to assess all content

learnt.

Impact

Students will expand their capability, creativity and knowledge in computer science. Students will use practical skills to develop and apply their analytic, problem-solving, design and computational thinking skills. Students will be able to access the higher levels of the mark scheme for the programming project that is worth 20% of the overall grade. Students will be able to access all assessment objectives by understanding the command verb and developing knowledge retrieval of topics learnt this year.

The Big Picture

Students will start Year 13 working through the topic 2.2 Algorithms to solve problems and 2.2 Problem solving and programming to allow them apply a range of algorithms to their programming project. Students will then continue to learn the theory topics of 1.4 and 1.5 (Data types and Legal, ethical, moral and cultural issues) to build up a knowledge on different data structures and the impact of computing on society.

Year Group 13

Intent

- 1. Algorithms to solve problems and standard algorithms students will learn how to develop algorithms for a given problem as well as understanding and learn how to develop standard algorithms.
- 2. Data types, data structures and algorithms students will learn about the different data types and number conversions, Boolean algebra and a number of different data structures.
- 3. Legal, moral, cultural and ethical issues Students will learn the individual moral, social, ethical and cultural opportunities and risks of digital technology. Legislation surrounding the use of computers and ethical issues that can or may in the future arise from the use of computers.

Implementation

Students will work through the specified topic areas, reflecting regularly on their knowledge and understanding throughout.

Each topic provides opportunities to build up skills through practical and theoretical activities. Each unit will conclude with a formal in class examination.

LORIC opportunities are provided throughout each module. Students will work in groups, communicating with each other, demonstrating high levels of leadership and organisation. Students will show initiative through their activities and study by using all sources available.

A key focus will be made on understanding key terminology and command verbs, along with regular opportunities to challenge students' ability to apply knowledge to extended answer questions. Flipped learning activities will formulate the majority of home learning as research has proven that this is most effective in supporting development of prior knowledge leading to improved in class response and attention. Students will be required to watch videos for each specification point and complete Cornell

Students will be engaged in developing their own programming project and demonstrating the knowledge learnt within the programming and project documentation.

Consider your assessment Markers

Identify where the following will take place;

Key assessments
Low stakes testing
Deep marking points
Home learning
Examinations
Conferencing/MAD time
Moderation

Autumn Term

LO in class topic tests for sub unit 2.3 – Algorithms to solve problems, 1.4 – Data types and 2.2 - Programming

Spring Term

Programming Project will be marked against exam board criteria and moderated. LO in class topic test for sub unit 1.5—Issues

Summer Term
Preparation for final exams:
H446/01 Computer Systems
examination
H446/02 Algorithms and Programming

examination

Impact

Students will expand their capability, creativity and knowledge in computer science. Students will use practical skills to develop and apply their analytic, problem-solving, design and computational thinking skills. Students will be able to access the higher levels of the mark scheme for the programming project that is worth 20% of the overall grade. Students will be able to access all assessment objectives by understanding the command verb and developing knowledge retrieval of topics learnt this year.

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Computer Systems –	Time frame: 20 Weeks	Approximate number of Lessons: 60 Lessons
Component 1		

What is the big picture? This unit will develop understanding of how computer components and software work and their individual purposes.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This builds on knowledge learnt at KS3 and those students who studied GCSE Computer Science.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Understand the internal workings of the Central Processing Unit (CPU), the	Calculate floating point binary, binary arithmetic and represent numbers in
	exchange of data and will also look at software development, data types	binary and hexadecimal.
	and legal and ethical issues.	Explain
Better	Be able to apply the criteria specified in the specification in different	Explain with reference to examples
	contexts including current and future uses of the technologies.	Apply
	Ability to provide different examples and compare and contrast computer	Compare and contrast
	hardware and software. Compare the types of programming language and	Develop programs using LMC
	develop programs using different languages.	
Excellent	Be able to analyse and recommend appropriate computer hardware and	Analyse
	software. Recommend best IT systems for given scenarios. Analyse how	Recommend
	effective communication skills can be transferred to an IT environment.	Discuss the impact
	Analyse the impact of ethical and operational issues and threats to	Solve Boolean Algebra
	computer systems and recommend solutions along with the impact of	
	emerging technology.	

Implementation -

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Students can investigate the	Misconceptions of topics and	Flipped learning tasks to watch	Exam questions on each sub-	Scores for each sub-topic exam
impact of emerging technology	students not studied GCSE	videos on each point of the	topic.	questions will be recorded and
and apply the skills they have	content.	specification and take Cornell		shared with students.
learnt through this topic to		notes.		
their programming project.				

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Opportunities to practically examine computer hardware, develop software, websites, and networks.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Progress will be evident at each assessment point where students will be able to answer AO1, 2 and 3 examination questions.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

Scheme of Learning Unit Overview Algorithms and Programming – Component 2

Time frame: 20 Weeks Approximate number of Lessons: 60 Lessons

What is the big picture? This unit will allow students to apply the knowledge and understanding encountered in component 1 as well as developing problem solving skills by computational methods. needed by learners to apply the knowledge and understanding encountered.

How does this link to and build on the previous year of learning?

This builds on knowledge learnt at KS3 and those students who studied GCSE Computer Science.

Intent: What do you want the students to be able to know and do?

	Knowledge	Skills
Good	Understand what is meant by computational thinking and understand the	Explain
	benefits of applying computational thinking to solving a wide variety of	Develop programs using the basic techniques.
	problems. Understand the fundamentals of the basic programming	
	techniques.	
Better	Understand the principles of solving problems by computational methods.	Explain with reference to examples
	Be able to use algorithms to describe problems. Understand the	Apply
	algorithms for a number of different data structures.	Compare and contrast algorithms
		Develop programs using a range of programming techniques
Excellent	Be able to analyse a problem by identifying its component parts. Be able to	Analyse
	develop programs including a range of programming techniques and data	Develop complex programs using object=oriented programming.
	structures. Understand the difference between procedural and object-	Design, program and evaluate computer systems that solve problems, making
	oriented programming	reasoned judgements about these and presenting conclusions

Implementation

What are the opportunities for	What might be the pitfalls?	What home-learning tasks are	What work will be "deep-	What tracking data will be
"deep-learning"?		planned?	marked"?	recorded?
Students can investigate the	Misconceptions of topics and	Flipped learning tasks to watch	Exam questions on each sub-	Scores for each sub-topic exam
use of data structures in their	students not studied GCSE	videos on each point of the	topic.	questions will be recorded and
programs and apply the skills	content.	specification and take Cornell		shared with students.
they have learnt through this		notes.		
topic to their programming				
project.				

Engagement: What will be the "wow" moments? What are the "hooks" for student engagement?

Opportunities to demonstrate common algorithms in developing programs and developing text-based games using object-oriented programming.

Impact: How will we know if outstanding learning has occurred?

Progress will be evident at each assessment point where students will be able to answer AO1, 2 and 3 examination questions.

Next steps: How will this link to subsequent learning? Consider skills and knowledge

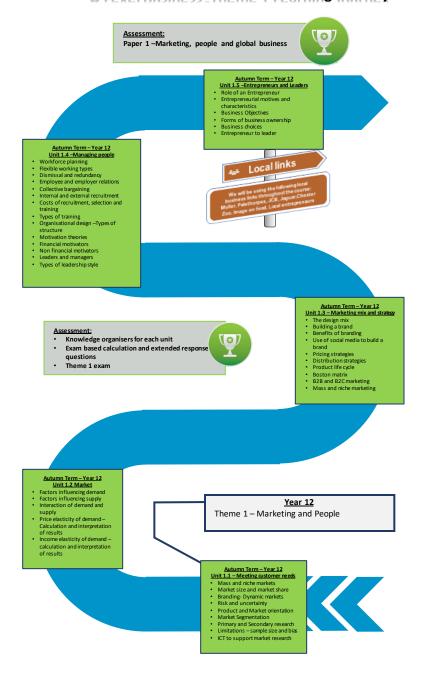
Digital Enterprise

KS5 Business Studies

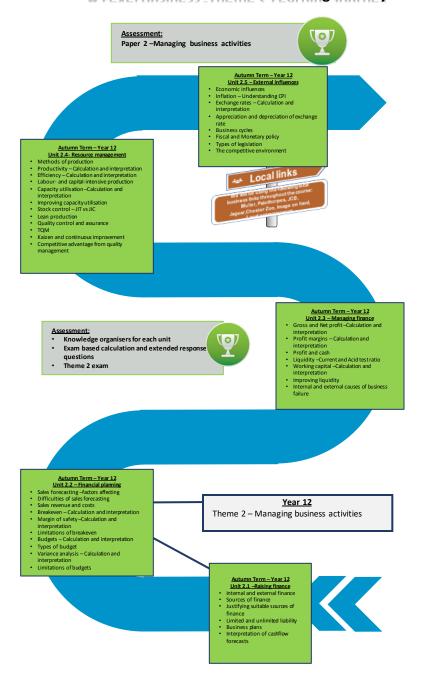
Marches Academy Trust 🔞

A – Level Business Studies (0) Paper 1 – Marketing, people and global business Paper 2 - Business activities, decisions and strategy Paper 3- Investigating business in a competitive environment Summer Term - Year 13 Theme Assessing competitiveness Managing change Theme 4 Paper 3 pre-issued Spring Term - Year 13 Theme 3 Decision making techniques Year 13 Theme 3 - Business decisions and strategy Influences on business decision Theme 4 – Global business Theme 4 Business expansion Global marketing for Autumen term -Year 13 Business Objectives and strategy Business growth Theme 4 Globalisation Global marketing Assessment: (0) Progress Tests · Exam based calculation and extended response questions · Theme 1 and Theme 2 exam Summer Term - Year 12 Theme 1 Managing People Entrepreneurs and Leaders Theme 2 Resource management External Influences Spring Term - Year 12 Theme 1 The marketing mix Marketing Strategy Year 12 Theme 2 Managing finance Financial strategy Theme 1 – Marketing and People Theme 2 - Managing Business activities Autumn Term - Year 12 Theme 1 Meeting customer needs Market forces Theme 2 Raising finance Financial planning

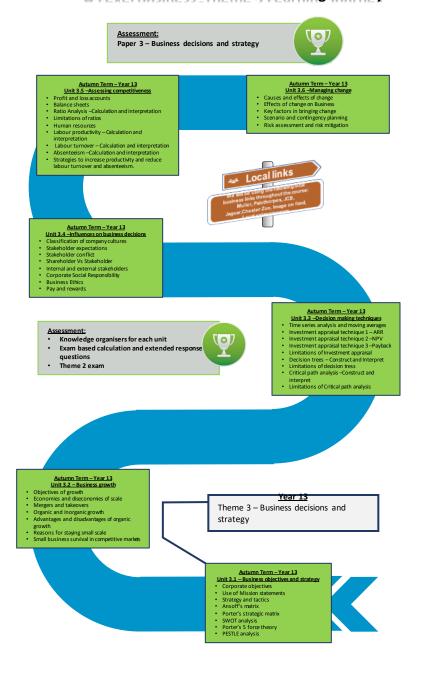
A Level Business - Theme 1 Learning Journey



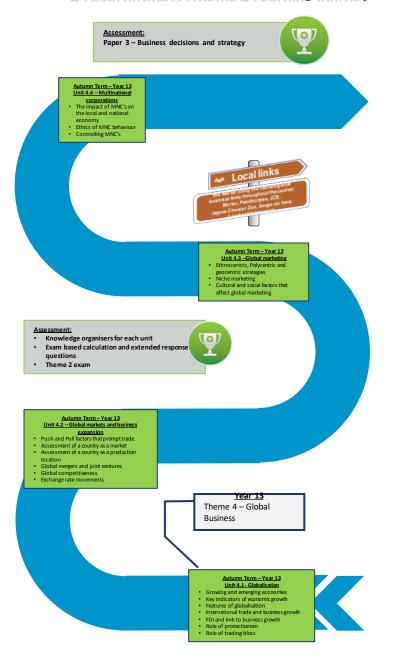
A Level Business - Theme 2 Learning Journey



A Level Business - Theme 3 Learning Journey



A Level Business - Theme 4 Learning Journey



Week	Торіс	Content
1	1.1 Meeting customer needs	Introduction – what is a market?
		1.1.1 The market
		Mass markets and niche markets
		Dynamic markets
2		1.1.2 Market research
		Product and market orientation
		Methods of market research
		Uses and limitations of these methods
		Market segmentation from market research results
		1.1.3 Market positioning
		How businesses use market research information
3	1.2 The market	1.2.1 Demand
		Introduction to the demand curve
		Discuss movement along and of the demand curve, and factors influencing this
4		1.2.2 Supply
		Introduction to the supply curve
		Discuss movement along and of the supply curve, and factors influencing this
		1.2.3 Markets
		Combine work in demand and supply to illustrate price determination in a market
5		1.2.4 Price elasticity of demand (PED)
		Calculation of PED
		Interpretation of PED and its importance to businesses
		1.2.5 Income elasticity of demand (YED)

		Calculation of YED
		Comparison contrast to PED
		Interpretation of YED and its importance to businesses
6	1.3 Marketing mix and strategy	1.3.1 Product/service design
		Design mix and how this might change
		1.3.2 Branding and promotion
		Types of branding
		Building a brand and changes in branding
		Generic versus branded products
7	_	1.3.2 Branding and promotion
		Types of promotion
8		1.3.3 Pricing strategies
		Different strategies
		Changes in, and factors determining, these strategies
9		1.3.4 Distribution
		Methods
		Changes in channels used
		1.3.5 Marketing strategy
		The product life cycle and extension strategies
		Boston Matrix
		Consumer behaviour
		How the marketing mix changes in response
10	1.4 Managing people	1.4.1 Approaches to staffing
		Individual and collective methods and approaches
		1.4.2 Recruitment, selection and training
		Methods

		Costs and benefits
11		1.4.3 Organisation design
		Key features and terminology
		Strengths and weaknesses of different models
12		1.4.4 Motivation in theory and practice
		Importance of motivation
		Motivation theories
		Financial and non-financial incentives
		1.4.5 Leadership
		Management and leadership
		Types/methods
		Links between leadership and motivation
13	1.5 Entrepreneurs and leaders	1.5.1 Role of an entrepreneur
		What entrepreneurs do
		Problems and barriers they face
		1.5.2 Entrepreneurial motives and characteristics
		Characteristics and skills
		Motivations for becoming an entrepreneur
		1.5.6 Moving from entrepreneur to leader
		Challenges
14		1.5.3 Business objectives
		Outline and examples of objectives
		1.5.4 Forms of business
		Legal organisation and features
		The factors that lead to these forms
		1.5.5 Business choices
		Opportunity costs, choices and trade offs

Week	Topic	Content
1	2.1 Raising finance	2.1.1 Internal finance
		2.1.2 External finance
		Sources and methods of finance
		The distinction between the two
		2.1.3 Liability
		Legal implications
		Finance implications
2		2.1.4 Planning
		Business planning
		Cash flow forecasts (as stand-alone and part of the business plan)
		Use and limitations of cash flow forecasts
3	2.2 Financial planning and 2.3 Managing	2.2.1 Sales forecasting
	finance	Sales forecasting purpose and factors influencing sales forecasts
		Difficulties with forecasting
		2.2.2 Sales, revenue and costs
		Calculation of sales revenue and volume, and link to sales forecasting data
4		2.2.2 Sales, revenue and costs
		Calculation of fixed and variable costs
		2.2.3 Break-even
		Numerical calculation
		Graphical presentation and interpretation

		Uses and limitations of break-even analysis
5		2.2.4 Budgets
		Purpose and types of budgets
		Variance analysis
		Difficulties of budgeting
		2.3.1 Profit
		Distinction between profit and cash
6	2.3 Managing finance	2.3.1 Profit
		Calculation (and link to break-even)
		Statement of comprehensive income (profit and loss account) – introduction and key features
7		2.3.2 Liquidity
		Statement of financial position (balance sheet) - introduction and key features
		Working capital (link to cash)
8		2.3.3 Business failure
		Financial: link to cash, <u>profit</u> and liquidity
		Non-financial: link to the market and people
9	2.4 Resource management	2.4.1 Production, productivity and efficiency
	2.4 Resource management	2.4.1 Production, productivity and enficiency
	2.4 Resource management	Methods of production
	2.4 resource management	
	2.4 resource management	Methods of production
	2.4 resource management	Methods of production Productivity and efficiency
10	2.4 resource management	Methods of production Productivity and efficiency 2.4.2 Capacity utilisation
10	2.4 resource management	Methods of production Productivity and efficiency 2.4.2 Capacity utilisation Calculation, implications and ways of improving capacity utilisation
10	2.4 resource management	Methods of production Productivity and efficiency 2.4.2 Capacity utilisation Calculation, implications and ways of improving capacity utilisation 2.4.3 Stock control

		Methods, costs, and benefits Links between stock control and quality management
11	2.5 External influences	2.5.1 Economic influences
12	215 External limited lees	Macroeconomic variables: inflation, exchange rates
		Economic policy: interest rates, taxation and government spending
13		2.5.2 Legislation
		Different areas of businesses affected by legislation
14	Revision and AS level exam preparation	Revision and exam practice for AS level examinations and/or mock examinations for Theme 1 and Theme 2.
		Introduction to the broad pre-released context (available from June) for A level Paper 3. Set summer research project for A level students. Link to Extended Project Qualification if applicable.

Week	Торіс	Content
1	3.1 Business objectives and strategy and 3.4 Influences on business decisions	3.1.1 Corporate objectives Development and levels Critical appraisal of these and their presentation 3.4.1 Corporate influences The timescales on which businesses work Influences on decision-making 3.4.4 Business ethics Trade-offs between profit and ethics and how this relates to objectives
2	3.4 Influences on business decisions	3.4.3 Shareholders versus stakeholders Examples of stakeholders and their objectives Influences on business objectives Conflicts between stakeholders and stakeholders and the business
3		3.4.2 Corporate culture How culture is formed in relation to objectives, ethics, etc. Categorising culture and assessing its strength
4	3.1 Business objectives and strategy	3.1.2 Theories of corporate strategy Ansoff, Porter, Boston Matrix Strategic and tactical decisions
5		3.1.3 SWOT analysis 3.1.4 Impact of external influences PESTLE analysis
6	3.2 Business growth	3.2.1 Growth

		How and why businesses grow
		Problems of growth
		3.2.2 Mergers and takeovers
		Reasons
		Different categories/directions
		3.2.3 Organic growth
		Compare and contrast with mergers and takeovers, and reasons for staying small
		3.2.4 Reasons for staying small
		Links to new, highly competitive markets
		Avoidance of diseconomies of scale
7	3.3 Decision-making techniques	3.3.1 Quantitative sales forecasting
		Times series analysis calculations
		Uses and limitations of quantitative sales forecasting
8		3.3.2 Investment appraisal
		Methods, calculation and interpretation
		Uses and limitations
9		3.3.3 Decision trees
		Construction and interpretation
		Uses and limitations
10		3.3.4 Critical Path Analysis
		Completion and interpretation
		Uses and limitations
11	3.5 Assessing competitiveness	3.5.1 Interpretation of financial statements
12		Statement of comprehensive income (profit and loss account) and statement of financial position (balance sheet)
		Stakeholder interest

		3.5.2 Ratio analysis
		Calculation and interpretation
		Uses and limitations
13		3.5.3 Human resources
		Quantitative measures of HR performance
14	3.6 Managing change	3.6.1 Causes and effects of change
		3.6.2 Key factors in change
		Link to topics covered within this theme
		3.6.3 Scenario planning
		Planning to reduce risk

Week	Topic	Content
1	4.1 Globalisation	4.1.1 Growing economies
		Measurements of different economies and economic performance
		Business opportunities
2		4.1.2 International trade and business growth
		Specialisation of economies and business
		Business growth via trade
3		4.1.3 Factors contributing to increased globalisation
		External factors (link to PESTLE)
4		4.1.4 Protectionism
		Threats posed to economies and businesses and reactions to these
5		4.1.5 Trading blocs
		As a reaction to protectionism between countries
		Opportunities and threats to businesses
6	4.2 Global markets and business	4.2.1 Conditions that prompt trade
	expansion	Push and pull factors for businesses
7		4.2.2 Assessment of a country as a market
		4.2.3 Assessment of a country as a production location
		Contrast the two, and compare and contrast factors
8		4.2.4 Reasons for global mergers or joint ventures
		4.2.5 Global competitiveness
		How this is achieved and can be enhanced through working with other businesses

9	4.3 Global marketing	4.3.1 Marketing
		On a global scale
		Strategic choices for different markets
10		4.3.3 Cultural and social issues
		Influences on marketing strategy
		4.3.4 Niche markets
		Features and how these interact with cultural and social issues
11	4.4 Global industries and companies	4.4.1 The impact of MNCs
		Local impacts versus national impacts
12		4.4.2 Ethics
		Ethical discussions raised by the activities of MNCs
13		4.4.3 Controlling MNCs
		Possibilities and practicalities
14	Revision and A level exam preparation	Revision of Themes 1, 2, 3 and 4
		Exam preparation